

where such boat runs within this state, a return or account, sworn to before some officer authorized to administer oaths, the number of trips made by such boat during such month, and the whole number of passengers conveyed on board of such boats at each of the said trips, and pay to the said county collector the amount of such tax collected during the time mentioned in the said return, deducting five per centum thereof, as a compensation for making such return and collecting and paying over the said tax; *and further*, that in case of any neglect or refusal in making such return and collecting and paying over the tax, as directed in and by this act, the captain or master so neglecting or refusing shall forfeit and pay the sum of three hundred dollars, besides the amount of tax so directed to be collected and paid over, to be recovered in an action in the name of this state.

5. SEC. 2. That the tax to be collected in pursuance of this act, shall be paid over by the county collector where the same may be collected, to the treasurer of this state, to be appropriated, when necessary, for the improvement of internal navigation, or for such other purpose as the legislature may direct; and the county collector performing the duties required by this act, shall be entitled to receive, from the treasurer of this state, one per centum on all moneys collected and paid over by virtue of this act. Duty of collector.

Pawnbrokers.

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 1. Judges of court of common pleas to grant license to. | 4. Notice of sale to be given. |
| 2. License fee. To be residents of state. | 5. Limitation of act. |
| 3. Pledges to be kept one year unless sooner redeemed. | |

An act to regulate and license pawnbrokers.

Approved April 12, 1876. P. L. 1876, p. 119.

1. That the judges of the court of common pleas, or a majority of them, in any county in this state may, upon application being made to said court, grant a license to carry on the business of a pawnbroker, to such person applying for the same in such place in the said county as shall be named in the application and approved by said court; *provided*, the application therefor be accompanied with a bond, to be by such person signed, with two freehold sureties satisfactory to the court, in the sum of one thousand dollars each, conditional for the faithful performance and observance of the requirements of this act and for the indemnification of any person or persons suffering loss through the violation of the provisions of this act; *and provided further*, that no person shall carry on the business of a pawnbroker, within this state, unless licensed according to the provisions of this act, except within municipalities, having charter regulations respecting pawnbrokers, and no person shall carry on the business of pawnbroker within this state unless licensed as provided for in this section. Judges of court of common pleas to grant license.
Proviso.
Proviso.

2. That the license fee shall be fifty dollars, payable to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county wherein such license is granted, and such license fee to accompany the application; that no person shall be entitled to obtain such license unless such person shall be a resident of the state of New Jersey and within the jurisdiction of the court where application is made for such license for at least the term of six months prior to the date of said application; that the penalty for violating the provisions of this act, or either of them, shall be twenty-five dollars for the first offence, and fifty dollars for the second and each subsequent offence, to be recovered by an action of debt before any court of competent jurisdiction, such action to be brought by the board of chosen freeholders of the county wherein such pawnbroker was licensed or has carried on the business of a pawnbroker, and such penalty, when recovered, to be paid to the collector of said county, for the use of said county. License fee.
Shall be a resident of this state.

Pledges to be kept for one year unless sooner redeemed.	3. That all goods pledged or pawned shall be kept for the term of one year by the pawnbroker receiving the same in pledge, unless sooner redeemed, and not more than the rate of twenty-five per centum per annum interest shall be charged on any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars loaned upon any pledged or pawned goods and on sums exceeding twenty-five dollars not more than ten per centum interest shall be charged, and such interest at such rate shall be in lieu of all other charges and demands; and every pawnbroker thus licensed shall keep a proper record of the deposit and redemption of all goods and pledges, the amount loaned thereon and the interest charged, and shall give to each pawnor a proper descriptive ticket, and that the said record shall be continually open to police inspection.
Interest.	
Record of deposit and redemption to be kept.	
Notice of sale to be given.	4. That if goods pledged or pawned to any such pawnbroker shall remain unredeemed, and no interest upon the loan thereon shall have been paid for the space of one year, such goods may then be sold by said pawnbroker, but notice of such sale shall be given by advertisement in at least two newspapers printed and published in said county, for at least two weeks prior to such sale, and said sale shall be at public vendue to the highest bidder, and in no other manner.
Limitation of act.	5. That this act shall not apply to municipalities having charter regulations respecting pawnbrokers.

Pedlers.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. License required. 2. How obtained. Fee for license. Tax. 3. Penalty for forging. 4. Penalty for lending or hiring. 5. Peddling without license. 6. Sales in public markets, no license required. 7. License certified and copy filed. 8. Penalties recovered and applied. 9. Limitation of suits, etc. 10. Liquor and ardent spirits not to be vended by virtue of any license. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. Penalty for vending liquors. 12. Penalty for peddling without license. 13. License to travel on foot not to authorize traveling and transferring goods by railroad, &c. 14. License fee to be paid to county clerk in addition to other duties imposed. 15. No person to act as clerk, agent or assistant of hawker, pedler, &c., without license. 16. County clerks to keep account record of moneys received. |
|---|--|

An act relating to hawkers, pedlers and petty chapmen.

R S. 1040.

Approved April 10, 1846.

- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| License required. | 1. That no person shall follow, use or exercise the business or calling of a hawker, pedler, petty chapman or itinerant auctioneer in this state, or shall go or travel from town to town, or to the houses of other persons, either on foot, or with a horse or horses, mule or mules, or other beast or beasts of burthen, carrying, selling or exposing, either at private or public sale, any goods, wares or merchandise not the growth, product or manufacture of this state, until such person shall have first obtained a license for that purpose, in the manner hereinafter directed (a) |
| How obtained. | 2. That such license shall be granted by the governor of this state, or person administering the government, upon a recommendation for that purpose, by the inferior court of common pleas of the county where the application for such license may be made; and that every person who shall obtain such license to travel with a horse or horses, or other beasts of burthen, for the purpose of selling goods, wares or merchandise, either at public or private sale, or both, shall pay to the governor, or person administering the government, the sum of three dollars and fifty cents; and every person who shall obtain a license to travel on foot for the purposes aforesaid, shall pay two dollars; <i>provided</i> , that no such license shall be exercised or used until the person or persons licensed to travel |
| Fee for license. | |

(a) *Query.* As to the constitutionality of this act. *Welton v. Missouri*, 91 U. S. (1 Otto), 275. The supreme court of Tennessee decided (Feb. 24, 1877), that a similar provision in the constitution of Tennessee, and an act of the legislature passed thereunder, were not in contravention of the constitution of the United States, *Howe Machine Co. v. Cage*.