

Millers to keep toll measures.

3. That every miller shall keep in his mill an exact measure of one-tenth part of a bushel, and of one-twentieth part of a bushel, for his toll measures, with a fit instrument to strike the said measures, which shall be stricken whenever toll is taken; and if he fail in any of these particulars, he shall forfeit and pay three dollars, to be recovered as aforesaid.

Milk.

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| 1. Penalty for selling or exposing for sale impure milk. | 4. Penalty for sale of skimmed milk. |
| 2. Penalty for adulterating milk. | 5. Penalties, how recoverable. |
| 3. Addition of water or any substance declared an adulteration. | |

An act to prevent the adulteration of milk, and to prevent traffic in impure and unwholesome milk.

P. L. 1875, p. 58.

Approved April 7, 1875.

Penalty for selling or exposing for sale impure milk.

1. That any person or persons who shall knowingly sell or exchange, or expose for sale or exchange, any impure, adulterated or unwholesome milk, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars for each and every offence, and if the fine is not immediately paid, shall be imprisoned for not less than thirty days in the county jail, or until said fine shall be paid.

Penalty for adulterating milk.

2. That any person or persons who shall adulterate milk, with the view of offering the same for sale or exchange, or shall keep cows for the production of milk for market, or for sale or exchange, in a crowded or unhealthy condition, or feed the same on food that produces impure, diseased or unwholesome milk, or who shall sell or exchange, or offer to sell or exchange, any milk as pure milk, from which the cream or any portion thereof has been taken, except as hereinafter provided, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars for each and every offence, and if the fine is not immediately paid, shall be imprisoned for not less than thirty days in the county jail, or until said fine shall be paid.

Addition of water or any substance declared an adulteration.

3. That the addition of water, or any substance, is hereby declared an adulteration; any milk that is obtained from animals that are fed on distillery waste, usually called "swill," or upon any substance in a state of putrefaction, is hereby declared to be impure and unwholesome, and any person or persons offending as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars for each and every offence, and if the fine is not immediately paid, shall be imprisoned for not less than thirty days in the county jail, or until said fine shall be paid.

Penalty.

Penalty for sale of skimmed milk.

4. That nothing in this act contained, shall be construed to prevent the sale of skimmed milk, provided the person or persons selling the same shall first make known the fact that it is skimmed milk and shall sell it as such; and any person or persons who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in section two of this act.

Penalties, how recoverable.

5. That the penalties hereinbefore provided for shall be recoverable before any court having jurisdiction of the same, one-half of such fine or penalty shall be paid to the person or persons who shall make the complaint and prosecute the same, and the other half shall be paid over to the poormaster or overseer of the poor of the township or ward where the offence was committed.

Money.

An act regulating the money of account in this state.

Passed February 21, 1799. R. S. 796.

1. That from and after the fourth day of July next, the money of account of this state shall be expressed in dollars or units, dimes or tenths, cents or hundredths, and mills or thousandths; a dime being the tenth part of a dollar, a cent the hundredth part of a dollar, and a mill the thousandth part of a dollar; and that all accounts in the treasury of this state, all accounts in the treasuries of the different counties of this state, all assessment rolls and duplicates, and all decrees, verdicts, judgments and executions, in the courts of justice of this state, from and after the said fourth day of July next, shall be made, kept, entered and expressed in conformity to this act, and not otherwise. (See INTEREST).

Money of account to be expressed in dollars, &c.

Mortgages.

- I. THE MONEY DUE ON BOND AND MORTGAGE MAY BE PAID AFTER SUIT BROUGHT THEREON, OR DECREE MAY BE TAKEN BY CONSENT.
1. Effect of tender of sum due on suit at law.
 2. When decree made before hearing.
 3. Subsequent mortgages not affected. Not to extend to controverted cases.
- II. WHEN PREMISES SUBJECT TO BUT ONE-MORTGAGE SALE MAY BE BY SCIRE FACIAS.
4. When mortgagee may sue forth scire facias.
 5. Title of purchaser.
- III. PROCEEDINGS ON FORECLOSURE WHERE THE MORTGAGOR HAS ABSCONDED, CONCEALS HIMSELF, IS UNKNOWN, OR HAS DIED AND HIS HEIRS ARE UNKNOWN.
6. Proceedings when mortgagor has absconded, is unknown or has died.
 7. Chancellor to be governed by rules and practice of court of chancery.
 8. Decree against absent defendant shall cut off equity of redemption.
- IV. FORECLOSURE IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.
9. Foreclosure may be in circuit in certain cases.
 10. Fees of solicitor.
 11. Fees of clerk and court.
 12. Duties of clerk.
 13. Of masters and examiners.
 14. Appeal.
 15. Court always open for certain purposes.
 16. What orders may be made in vacation.
- V. THE REGISTRATION OF MORTGAGES.
17. Mortgages to be registered by clerk of common pleas.
 18. May be recorded in full at request of mortgagee.
 19. Clerk's certificate and receipt.
 20. Not registered unless acknowledged or proved.
 21. Writing operating as defeasance to be registered.
 22. Operation of unregistered mortgage.
 23. Payment and discharge, when and how to be entered.
 24. Copy of a decree cancelling mortgage may be filed in county clerk's office.
 25. May be cancelled on certificate of mortgagee.
 26. Certificate recorded.
 27. Fee.
 28. Proceedings for cancellation of lost mortgages.
 29. Undue preferences prohibited.
 30. Fees.
 31. Mortgages, how assignable.
- VI. ASSIGNMENTS AND REGISTRATION THEREOF.
32. Assignments to be recorded.
 33. To be indexed, and records and copies evidence.
 34. If not recorded payments made in good faith valid.
 35. Assignments of mortgage, how proved when not acknowledged.
- VII. CHATTEL MORTGAGES.
36. Mortgage to vest the right of possession in mortgagee for certain purposes.
 37. On suit court to regulate the possession.
 38. Not to apply to vessels, &c.
 39. Void as to creditors unless filed.
 40. When chattel mortgages to be filed.
 41. When to be refiled or cease to be valid.
 42. When evidence, and of what only.
 43. Duty of clerk and register.
 44. Fees.
 45. Fees for registering mortgages.

R. S. 97, 99, 657.

An act concerning mortgages.

Revision—Approved March 27, 1874.

- I. The money due on bond and mortgage may be paid after suit brought thereon, or decree may be taken by consent.

1. WHEREAS, mortgagees frequently bring actions of ejectment for the recovery of lands and estates to them mortgaged, and bring actions on bonds given by mortgagors to pay the money secured by such mortgages, and for performing the covenants therein contained, and likewise com-

P. L. 1851, p. 342.
 " 1853, p. 241.
 " 1858, p. 90.
 " 1864, p. 493.
 " 1866, p. 879.
 " 1869, p. 572.
 " 1870, p. 57.
 " 1873, p. 41, 161.