and twenty grains an hour; and such gas shall, with respect to its purity, be so far free from sulphuretted hydrogen that it shall not discolor paper immersed with acetate of lead, when those tests are exposed to a current of gas, issuing for thirty seconds, under a pressure of five-tenths of water; and shall not contain more than one per centum of carbonic acid gas, nor more than two per centum of carbonic oxide gas, nor more than ten per centum of hydrogen gas, under a penalty of one hundred dollars a day for each and every day that the gas supplied is not in accordance with the requirements of this act, to be sued for and recovered, with costs of suit, on complaint, in any court of competent jurisdiction; the one-half of such penalty to be paid into the treasury and for the use of the town or city where the works of such company are located, the other half to the complainant.

Granges.

An act to enable granges of the order of patrons of husbandry to incorporate.

P. I. 1876, p. 298.

1. That whenever any grange in this state, whether state, pomona, county, district or subordinate, of the order of patrons of husbandry, which is or hereafter may or shall be duly instituted and chartered according to the constitution of the national grange of the order of patrons of husbandry, and shall be desirous of having the benefit of this act, it shall and may be lawful for the members of such grange, at any regular meeting thereof, held in accordance with the constitution of the national grange aforesaid, and in conformity to its own constitution and by-laws, and in pursuance of notice given and entered on the minutes of such grange of such intended action, at a previous regular meeting, to elect three trustees; a certificate of which election shall be made and subscribed by the master, overseer and secretary of such grange, under their hands and seals, stating therein the time and place of such election, the regularity thereof, the names of the trustees, and the name and number of said grange, which certificate shall be acknowledged or proved and recorded, as other certificates of incorporation are by law required to be recorded, in the office of the clerk of the county wherein such meeting shall have been held, and after being so recorded shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state; provided always, that the certificate issuing from the state grange of New Jersey, shall be recorded in the office of the clerk of Mercer county; the said certificate or a copy thereof, duly certified by said clerk or secretary, shall be evidence in all courts and places for and against any such grange.

2. That said trustees and their associates and successors in office, shall be constituted and declared a body corporate and politic, in fact and in law, and shall be known by their name and number of said grange, with power to have a common seal, and to use and change the same at pleasure, and with full power and authority to sue and be sued, to purchase, accept and receive by gift, grant, bequest, devise or otherwise, and to hold such real and personal estate as shall be deemed necessary, and to improve, change and alter the same for the purposes of said corporation; and the same or any part thereof, to sell and convey by deed or mortgage, lease or otherwise dispose of it, or any part thereof, under the direction of such grange.

3. That the capital stock of the said corporation shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, in the case of the state grange, nor the sum of twenty thousand dollars, in the case of a pomona, county, district or subordinate grange, which said capital stock, or any part thereof, may be divided into shares of such amounts, and transferable in such manner, and upon such conditions, as such corporation by its by-laws shall prescribe.
Hospitals.

2. Form of certificate.
3. To be acknowledged and recorded.
4. To become body politic on filing certificate.

5. General powers.
6. Compensation for services not allowed.
7. Exemption from tax.

An act to provide for the incorporation of associations for the erection and maintenance of hospitals, infirmaries, orphanages, asylums, and other charitable institutions.

P. L. 1877, p. 159.

Number of persons who may make certificate of association.

Form of certificate.

Certificate to be proved, acknowledged and recorded.

To become a body politic and corporate on filing certificate.

General powers.

Approved March 9, 1877.

1. That any three or more persons of full age, a majority of whom shall be citizens of and residents within this state, who shall desire to associate themselves together for the purpose of the care, cure, nurture or maintenance of sick, injured, infirm, aged, indigent, deaf, dumb, blind, idiotic, or insane persons, or of orphans, half-orphans or destitute children, or for any two or more of such purposes combined, may make, record and file a certificate, in writing, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

2. That such certificate in writing shall set forth:

I. The name or title assumed to designate such association.

II. The place or places in this state where the purposes of such association are to be carried out.

III. The purposes for which the association shall be formed.

IV. The names of the governors or directors who shall manage its affairs for the first year of its existence.

3. That such certificate shall be proved, or acknowledged and recorded, as required of deeds of real estate, in a book to be kept for the recording of certificates of incorporation, in the office of the clerk of the county where the principal purposes of such association are to be carried out, and after being so recorded shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state; the said certificate or a copy thereof, duly certified by said clerk or secretary, shall be evidence in all courts and places.

4. That upon making such certificate and causing the same to be recorded and filed as aforesaid, the said persons so associating, their successors and assigns, shall, by virtue of this act, be a body politic and corporate, in fact and in law, by the name stated in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall have perpetual succession, and power to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, in all courts and places whatsoever, to make and use a common seal, and the same to use at pleasure, and to purchase and take, have, hold, receive and enjoy, any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in fee simple, or otherwise, and any goods, chattels, or property of any description, real or personal, and whether acquired by gift, grant, devise, bequest or otherwise, and the same to grant, convey, lease, assign, sell, or otherwise dispose of, for the purposes of said association.

5. That the governors or directors of such association shall have power, from time to time, to make, alter, and amend by-laws, not inconsistent with the constitution or laws of the United States or of this state, fixing and altering the number of its governors or directors for the management of its property and the regulation and government of its affairs, and providing for the classification of and the mode of increasing or perpetuating the governors or directors of the association, and the mode of filling vacancies in, and removing any member from their number, and prescribing qualifications for membership of the association, and to appoint one or more superintendents or managers, and such other agents and officers, as shall in their judgment tend to promote or advance any purpose of the association, and to prescribe their expected duties.